Report on RFC Errata
20 March 2011

This report describes RFC errata as available from http://www.rfc-editor.org/errata.php. This report contains:

1. Overview of RFC Errata Collection
2. Use of the Web Portal (2007-Present)
3. Errata in the Context of the RFC Series
4. Reported Errata by Source of RFC
5. Data Quality

See http://www.rfc-editor.org/status_type_desc.html for Type and Status descriptions, and draft-rfc-editor-errata-process regarding the process.

1. Overview of RFC Errata Collection

The RFC Editor has been collecting errata since 2000, with a large influx from 2006 onwards. Over time, the approximate 50/50 ratio of Technical/Editorial errata has stayed intact, and the amount of Reported (unverified) errata has increased significantly. This is partly due to our underestimation of the number of errata that would be submitted, the difficulty in contacting RFC authors years after publication, our delay in processing errata, and the IESG’s determining its errata process during 2008. There are currently 2685 errata reports.

About half of the errata reports are marked Technical. Less than a quarter of errata are Reported.

![Errata by Type](chart1.png)

![Errata by Status](chart2.png)
The following graphs show the number of errata reports submitted per year since we started collecting errata in 2000. Most errata submitted before 2005 have been Verified.
The following graphs show that Held for Document Update has been used more for Editorial errata than Technical errata, which seems appropriate.

In November 2007, the RFC Editor released a web portal to ease errata processing, allowing users to submit errata via a web form, and allowing the appropriate representative stream bodies to review and verify the reports.

Over three years later, the submission system has been used by 377 distinct users. When the IESG statement regarding errata processing for the IETF stream was completed 30 July 2008, a new status called “Hold for Document Update” was added. With this status and improved search functionality available, the verification system is starting to be used more. 27 distinct verifiers have used the new system.

The following graphs show the number of errata submitted since the new system was introduced. On average, 37 errata were submitted per month. The majority of recently submitted errata are Reported.
Over time, the verifiers have been marking errata as Verified, Rejected, and Held.
3. Errata in the Context of the RFC Series

The graph below shows the total number RFCS published in a given year, and of those, the number of distinct RFCs for which any errata have been submitted.

The graph below shows the number of RFCs in a given category, and of those, the number of distinct RFCs for which Technical errata have been submitted. Overall, 10% of RFCs have Technical errata.
The graph below shows the RFCs published over the past 10 years that have Technical errata that have not been Rejected. As noted earlier, Technical errata make up about half of the total errata.

4. Reported Errata by Source of the RFC

The following graph shows the number of errata reports per document source. The majority of errata awaiting review are from RFCs of the Internet area, Routing area, and IETF non-WG (AD-sponsored documents).
5. Data Quality

Approximately 100 errata reports contain multiple errata in their notes fields, so in fact, the actual number of individual reports is larger than 2685.

The Type labels (Technical/Editorial) should be taken with a grain of salt, as many reports (especially the older ones) may be mislabeled.

As verifiers make determinations regarding the status of errata, it is expected that the contents of some errata will be corrected – in the cases mentioned above, the reports could be atomized (or at least split by Status), and Type labels could be corrected.